

## Key time series

## National accounts aggregates

Last updated: 25/04/08

Seasonally adjusted

	£ million		Indices (2003 = 100)						
	At current prices		Value indices at current prices		Chained volume indices			Implied deflators <sup>3</sup>	
	Gross domestic product (GDP) at market prices	Gross value added (GVA) at basic prices	GDP at market prices <sup>1</sup>	GVA at basic prices	Gross national disposable income at market prices <sup>2</sup>	GDP at market prices	GVA at basic prices	GDP at market prices	GVA at basic prices
	YBHA	ABML	YBEU	YBEX	YBFP	YBEZ	CGCE	YBGB	CGBV
2002	1,055,793	937,323	94.4	94.3	97.1	97.3	97.3	97.0	97.0
2003	1,118,245	993,507	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2004	1,184,296	1,051,934	105.9	105.9	103.4	103.3	103.3	102.6	102.5
2005	1,233,976	1,096,629	110.3	110.4	104.2	105.2	105.2	104.9	104.9
2006	1,303,915	1,159,257	116.6	116.7	105.7	108.2	108.2	107.7	107.7
2007	1,384,823	1,231,992	123.8	124.0	109.1	111.5	111.5	111.1	111.2
2002 Q1	259,054	229,737	92.7	92.5	95.9	96.4	96.5	96.1	95.9
2002 Q2	262,774	233,372	94.0	94.0	96.2	97.0	96.9	96.9	97.0
2002 Q3	265,836	236,103	95.1	95.1	98.3	97.7	97.6	97.4	97.4
2002 Q4	268,129	238,111	95.9	95.9	98.2	98.2	98.1	97.7	97.7
2003 Q1	272,953	242,612	97.6	97.7	99.4	98.8	98.8	98.9	98.9
2003 Q2	277,119	246,427	99.1	99.2	98.9	99.3	99.3	99.8	99.9
2003 Q3	281,996	250,492	100.9	100.9	100.0	100.4	100.4	100.4	100.5
2003 Q4	286,177	253,976	102.4	102.3	101.7	101.5	101.6	100.9	100.7
2004 Q1	288,912	256,106	103.3	103.1	101.9	102.2	102.2	101.1	100.9
2004 Q2	295,066	262,094	105.5	105.5	103.2	103.1	103.2	102.3	102.3
2004 Q3	297,941	264,732	106.6	106.6	103.0	103.5	103.5	102.9	103.0
2004 Q4	302,377	269,002	108.2	108.3	105.4	104.1	104.2	103.9	104.0
2005 Q1	303,996	270,082	108.7	108.7	104.2	104.4	104.4	104.2	104.1
2005 Q2	307,306	273,158	109.9	110.0	105.3	104.8	104.9	104.9	104.8
2005 Q3	308,515	273,676	110.4	110.2	103.4	105.4	105.4	104.7	104.5
2005 Q4	314,159	279,713	112.4	112.6	104.1	106.1	106.2	106.0	106.1
2006 Q1	319,265	284,197	114.2	114.4	104.6	107.1	107.2	106.7	106.7
2006 Q2	322,340	286,413	115.3	115.3	105.8	107.8	107.9	107.0	106.8
2006 Q3	329,094	292,535	117.7	117.8	106.2	108.6	108.7	108.4	108.4
2006 Q4	333,216	296,112	119.2	119.2	106.4	109.5	109.6	108.9	108.8
2007 Q1	337,717	299,676	120.8	120.7	106.8	110.3	110.3	109.6	109.4
2007 Q2	345,275	306,942	123.5	123.6	108.6	111.2	111.2	111.1	111.1
2007 Q3	348,812	310,385	124.8	125.0	108.4	111.9	111.9	111.5	111.6
2007 Q4	353,019	314,989	126.3	126.8	112.4	112.6	112.6	112.1	112.6
2008 Q1						113.1	113.1		

Percentage change, quarter on corresponding quarter of previous year<sup>4</sup>

2002 Q1	4.5	4.6	4.5	4.6	3.0	1.6	1.3	2.8	3.5
2002 Q2	5.3	5.6	5.3	5.7	3.0	2.1	1.7	3.1	4.0
2002 Q3	5.9	6.1	5.9	6.1	4.1	2.2	1.9	3.6	4.1
2002 Q4	5.2	5.3	5.3	5.4	4.4	2.4	2.2	2.8	3.0
2003 Q1	5.4	5.6	5.3	5.6	3.6	2.5	2.4	2.9	3.1
2003 Q2	5.5	5.6	5.4	5.5	2.8	2.4	2.5	3.0	3.0
2003 Q3	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	1.7	2.8	2.9	3.1	3.2
2003 Q4	6.7	6.7	6.8	6.7	3.6	3.4	3.6	3.3	3.1
2004 Q1	5.8	5.6	5.8	5.5	2.5	3.4	3.4	2.2	2.0
2004 Q2	6.5	6.4	6.5	6.4	4.3	3.8	3.9	2.5	2.4
2004 Q3	5.7	5.7	5.6	5.6	3.0	3.1	3.1	2.5	2.5
2004 Q4	5.7	5.9	5.7	5.9	3.6	2.6	2.6	3.0	3.3
2005 Q1	5.2	5.5	5.2	5.4	2.3	2.2	2.2	3.1	3.2
2005 Q2	4.1	4.2	4.2	4.3	2.0	1.6	1.6	2.5	2.4
2005 Q3	3.5	3.4	3.6	3.4	0.4	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.5
2005 Q4	3.9	4.0	3.9	4.0	-1.2	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.0
2006 Q1	5.0	5.2	5.1	5.2	0.4	2.6	2.7	2.4	2.5
2006 Q2	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.8	0.5	2.9	2.9	2.0	1.9
2006 Q3	6.7	6.9	6.6	6.9	2.7	3.0	3.1	3.5	3.7
2006 Q4	6.1	5.9	6.0	5.9	2.2	3.2	3.2	2.7	2.5
2007 Q1	5.8	5.4	5.8	5.5	2.1	3.0	2.9	2.7	2.5
2007 Q2	7.1	7.2	7.1	7.2	2.6	3.2	3.1	3.8	4.0
2007 Q3	6.0	6.1	6.0	6.1	2.1	3.0	2.9	2.9	3.0
2007 Q4	5.9	6.4	6.0	6.4	5.6	2.8	2.7	2.9	3.5
2008 Q1						2.5	2.5		

## Notes:

1 "Money GDP".

2 This series is only updated once a quarter, in line with the full quarterly national accounts data set.

3 Based on chained volume measures and current price estimates of expenditure components of GDP.

4 For index number series, these are derived from the rounded figures shown in the table.

Source: Office for National Statistics

## Gross domestic product: by category of expenditure

Last updated: 25/04/08

£ million, chained volume measures, reference year 2003, seasonally adjusted

	Domestic expenditure on goods and services at market prices												
	Final consumption expenditure			Gross capital formation					Exports of goods and services	Gross final expenditure	less imports of goods and services	Statistical discrepancy (expenditure)	Gross domestic at product market prices
	Households	Non-profit institutions <sup>1</sup>	General government	Gross fixed capital formation	Changes in inventories <sup>2</sup>	Acquisitions less disposals of valuables	Total						
ABJR	HAYO	NMRY	NPQT	CAFU	NPJR	YBIM	IKBK	ABMG	IKBL	GIXS	ABMI		
2002	676,833	27,130	224,868	184,701	2,289	183	1,116,239	280,593	1,396,862	308,706	0	1,088,108	
2003	697,160	27,185	232,699	186,700	3,983	-37	1,147,690	285,397	1,433,087	314,842	0	1,118,245	
2004	721,434	27,327	240,129	197,655	4,597	-42	1,191,099	299,289	1,490,388	335,703	0	1,154,685	
2005	732,005	28,167	246,527	200,654	3,611	-354	1,210,610	323,749	1,534,359	359,626	1,183	1,175,916	
2006	745,737	29,858	250,630	215,985	2,416	290	1,244,916	358,356	1,603,272	394,789	1,805	1,210,288	
2007	768,397	31,079	255,315	229,423	6,522	525	1,291,262	339,434	1,630,697	383,162	-639	1,246,895	
2002 Q1	167,588	6,762	55,756	44,562	1,059	66	275,814	69,440	345,256	75,709	0	269,595	
2002 Q2	168,803	6,756	56,288	45,610	409	48	277,926	71,533	349,504	78,367	0	271,044	
2002 Q3	169,715	6,793	56,429	46,422	520	62	280,004	71,056	351,089	78,006	0	273,034	
2002 Q4	170,727	6,819	56,395	48,107	301	7	282,495	68,564	351,013	76,624	0	274,435	
2003 Q1	171,828	6,843	57,099	46,805	-477	-8	282,249	72,662	354,921	78,836	0	276,082	
2003 Q2	174,146	6,779	57,684	46,131	-635	94	284,342	70,610	354,945	77,283	0	277,686	
2003 Q3	175,140	6,790	58,445	45,964	2,223	-68	288,498	70,334	358,825	78,089	0	280,743	
2003 Q4	176,046	6,773	59,471	47,800	2,872	-55	292,601	71,791	364,396	80,634	0	283,734	
2004 Q1	178,197	6,830	59,969	49,353	-439	112	294,023	73,389	367,412	81,648	0	285,764	
2004 Q2	180,362	6,805	59,530	49,159	1,042	-90	296,808	74,861	371,670	83,313	0	288,357	
2004 Q3	181,032	6,826	60,002	49,832	1,047	-96	298,644	75,097	373,741	84,300	0	289,441	
2004 Q4	181,843	6,866	60,628	49,311	2,947	32	301,624	75,942	377,565	86,442	0	291,123	
2005 Q1	182,466	7,005	60,858	49,393	1,894	-158	301,458	75,952	377,410	85,898	253	291,764	
2005 Q2	182,306	6,987	61,613	49,334	797	86	301,122	79,576	380,698	87,920	300	293,078	
2005 Q3	183,174	7,042	61,885	50,642	853	-201	303,394	82,357	385,751	91,483	320	294,588	
2005 Q4	184,059	7,133	62,171	51,285	67	-81	304,636	85,864	390,500	94,325	310	296,486	
2006 Q1	183,985	7,347	62,511	52,156	1,202	101	307,301	93,512	400,814	102,028	515	299,301	
2006 Q2	186,369	7,428	62,342	52,872	564	229	309,804	95,747	405,551	104,683	503	301,371	
2006 Q3	186,487	7,507	62,734	54,737	1,396	-28	312,833	84,334	397,167	94,116	445	303,495	
2006 Q4	188,896	7,576	63,043	56,220	-746	-12	314,978	84,763	399,740	93,962	342	306,121	
2007 Q1	190,336	7,651	63,476	57,023	320	67	318,873	83,940	402,813	94,520	-21	308,272	
2007 Q2	191,607	7,738	63,791	56,331	600	321	320,388	84,512	404,900	93,872	-140	310,888	
2007 Q3	193,086	7,804	64,175	57,517	2,660	48	325,290	85,701	410,991	97,869	-219	312,902	
2007 Q4	193,368	7,886	63,873	58,552	2,942	89	326,711	85,281	411,993	96,901	-259	314,833	
2008 Q1												316,092	

## Percentage change, quarter on corresponding quarter of previous year

2002 Q1	4.0	-1.6	4.0	0.9		3.1	-2.6	1.8	2.5			1.6
2002 Q2	4.0	-0.5	4.4	1.6		2.9	3.2	3.0	6.0			2.1
2002 Q3	3.3	0.5	3.3	3.1		2.8	4.6	3.2	6.4			2.2
2002 Q4	3.1	1.3	2.1	9.0		3.8	-0.8	2.8	4.5			2.3
2003 Q1	2.5	1.2	2.4	5.0		2.3	4.6	2.8	4.1			2.4
2003 Q2	3.2	0.3	2.5	1.1		2.3	-1.3	1.6	-1.4			2.5
2003 Q3	3.2	0.0	3.6	-1.0		3.0	-1.0	2.2	0.1			2.8
2003 Q4	3.1	-0.7	5.5	-0.6		3.6	4.7	3.8	5.2			3.4
2004 Q1	3.7	-0.2	5.0	5.4		4.2	1.0	3.5	3.6			3.5
2004 Q2	3.6	0.4	3.2	6.6		4.4	6.0	4.7	7.8			3.8
2004 Q3	3.4	0.5	2.7	8.4		3.5	6.8	4.2	8.0			3.1
2004 Q4	3.3	1.4	1.9	3.2		3.1	5.8	3.6	7.2			2.6
2005 Q1	2.4	2.6	1.5	0.1		2.5	3.5	2.7	5.2			2.1
2005 Q2	1.1	2.7	3.5	0.4		1.5	6.3	2.4	5.5			1.6
2005 Q3	1.2	3.2	3.1	1.6		1.6	9.7	3.2	8.5			1.8
2005 Q4	1.2	3.9	2.5	4.0		1.0	13.1	3.4	9.1			1.8
2006 Q1	0.8	4.9	2.7	5.6		1.9	23.1	6.2	18.8			2.6
2006 Q2	2.2	6.3	1.2	7.2		2.9	20.3	6.5	19.1			2.8
2006 Q3	1.8	6.6	1.4	8.1		3.1	2.4	3.0	2.9			3.0
2006 Q4	2.6	6.2	1.4	9.6		3.4	-1.3	2.4	-0.4			3.2
2007 Q1	3.5	4.1	1.5	9.3		3.8	-10.2	0.5	-7.4			3.0
2007 Q2	2.8	4.2	2.3	6.5		3.4	-11.7	-0.2	-10.3			3.2
2007 Q3	3.5	4.0	2.3	5.1		4.0	1.6	3.5	4.0			3.1
2007 Q4	2.4	4.1	1.3	4.1		3.7	0.6	3.1	3.1			2.8
2008 Q1												2.5

## Notes:

- 1 Non-profit institutions serving households (NPISH).
- 2 This series includes a quarterly alignment adjustment.

Source: Office for National Statistics

## Labour market summary

Last updated: 16/04/08

United Kingdom (thousands), seasonally adjusted

All aged 16 and over									
	All	Total economically active	Total in employment	Unemployed	Economically inactive	Economic activity rate (%)	Employment rate (%)	Unemployment rate (%)	Economic inactivity rate (%)
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
<b>All persons</b>	MGSL	MGSF	MGRZ	MGSC	MGSI	MGWG	MGSR	MGSX	YBTC
Dec-Feb 2006	48,055	30,460	28,883	1,577	17,595	63.4	60.1	5.2	36.6
Dec-Feb 2007	48,454	30,752	29,052	1,700	17,702	63.5	60.0	5.5	36.5
Mar-May 2007	48,556	30,818	29,152	1,666	17,738	63.5	60.0	5.4	36.5
Jun-Aug 2007	48,658	30,843	29,181	1,662	17,816	63.4	60.0	5.4	36.6
Sep-Nov 2007	48,767	31,004	29,355	1,649	17,762	63.6	60.2	5.3	36.4
Dec-Feb 2008	48,875	31,118	29,508	1,610	17,757	63.7	60.4	5.2	36.3
<b>Male</b>	MGSM	MMSG	MGSA	MGSD	MGSJ	MGWH	MGSS	MGSY	YBTD
Dec-Feb 2006	23,317	16,492	15,579	913	6,826	70.7	66.8	5.5	29.3
Dec-Feb 2007	23,542	16,682	15,709	973	6,860	70.9	66.7	5.8	29.1
Mar-May 2007	23,599	16,747	15,787	960	6,852	71.0	66.9	5.7	29.0
Jun-Aug 2007	23,657	16,738	15,786	952	6,918	70.8	66.7	5.7	29.2
Sep-Nov 2007	23,715	16,811	15,872	939	6,905	70.9	66.9	5.6	29.1
Dec-Feb 2008	23,774	16,852	15,922	930	6,923	70.9	67.0	5.5	29.1
<b>Female</b>	MGSN	MGSH	MGSB	MGSE	MGSK	MGWI	MGST	MGSZ	YBTE
Dec-Feb 2006	24,737	13,968	13,304	665	10,769	56.5	53.8	4.8	43.5
Dec-Feb 2007	24,912	14,070	13,343	726	10,842	56.5	53.6	5.2	43.5
Mar-May 2007	24,957	14,071	13,365	706	10,886	56.4	53.6	5.0	43.6
Jun-Aug 2007	25,002	14,104	13,395	710	10,897	56.4	53.6	5.0	43.6
Sep-Nov 2007	25,051	14,194	13,484	710	10,857	56.7	53.8	5.0	43.3
Dec-Feb 2008	25,100	14,266	13,586	680	10,834	56.8	54.1	4.8	43.2
All aged 16 to 59/64									
	All	Total economically active	Total in employment	Unemployed	Economically inactive	Economic activity rate (%)	Employment rate (%)	Unemployment rate (%)	Economic inactivity rate (%)
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
<b>All persons</b>	YBTF	YBSK	YBSE	YBSH	YBSN	MGSO	MGSU	YBTI	YBTL
Dec-Feb 2006	37,224	29,304	27,752	1,552	7,920	78.7	74.6	5.3	21.3
Dec-Feb 2007	37,470	29,526	27,850	1,676	7,944	78.8	74.3	5.7	21.2
Mar-May 2007	37,522	29,576	27,937	1,639	7,946	78.8	74.5	5.5	21.2
Jun-Aug 2007	37,574	29,584	27,948	1,636	7,990	78.7	74.4	5.5	21.3
Sep-Nov 2007	37,624	29,715	28,088	1,627	7,909	79.0	74.7	5.5	21.0
Dec-Feb 2008	37,674	29,801	28,211	1,590	7,873	79.1	74.9	5.3	20.9
<b>Male</b>	YBTG	YBSL	YBSF	YBSI	YBSO	MGSP	MGSV	YBTJ	YBTM
Dec-Feb 2006	19,282	16,100	15,197	903	3,183	83.5	78.8	5.6	16.5
Dec-Feb 2007	19,461	16,271	15,306	965	3,190	83.6	78.7	5.9	16.4
Mar-May 2007	19,505	16,332	15,384	949	3,173	83.7	78.9	5.8	16.3
Jun-Aug 2007	19,549	16,308	15,367	941	3,241	83.4	78.6	5.8	16.6
Sep-Nov 2007	19,584	16,385	15,454	931	3,199	83.7	78.9	5.7	16.3
Dec-Feb 2008	19,620	16,409	15,489	920	3,210	83.6	78.9	5.6	16.4
<b>Female</b>	YBTH	YBSM	YBSG	YBSJ	YBSP	MGSQ	MGSW	YBTK	YBTN
Dec-Feb 2006	17,942	13,204	12,555	649	4,738	73.6	70.0	4.9	26.4
Dec-Feb 2007	18,009	13,255	12,544	711	4,754	73.6	69.7	5.4	26.4
Mar-May 2007	18,017	13,244	12,554	690	4,773	73.5	69.7	5.2	26.5
Jun-Aug 2007	18,025	13,276	12,581	695	4,749	73.7	69.8	5.2	26.3
Sep-Nov 2007	18,040	13,330	12,633	697	4,710	73.9	70.0	5.2	26.1
Dec-Feb 2008	18,055	13,392	12,722	669	4,663	74.2	70.5	5.0	25.8

## Notes:

Relationship between columns: 1 = 2 + 5; 2 = 3 + 4; 6 = 2/1; 7 = 3/1; 8 = 4/2;  
 9 = 5/1; 10 = 11 + 14; 11 = 12 + 13; 15 = 11/10; 16 = 12/10; 17 = 13/11; 18 = 14/10  
 The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.

Source: Labour Force Survey, Office for National Statistics  
 Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 01633 456901

## Prices

Last updated: 15/04/08

Percentage change over 12 months

Not seasonally adjusted, except for series PLLW, RNPE and RNPF

	Consumer prices						Producer prices			
	Consumer prices index (CPI)			Retail prices index (RPI)			Output prices		Input prices	
	All items	CPI excluding indirect taxes (CPIY) <sup>1</sup>	CPI at constant tax rates (CPI-CT)	All items	All items excluding mortgage interest payments (RPIX)	All items excluding mortgage interest payments and indirect taxes (RPIY) <sup>2</sup>	All manufactured products	Excluding food, beverages, tobacco and petroleum products	Materials and fuels purchased by manufacturing industry	Excluding food, beverages, tobacco and petroleum products
	D7G7	EL2S	EAD6	CZBH	CDKQ	CBZX	PLLU <sup>3</sup>	PLLW <sup>3</sup>	RNPE <sup>3</sup>	RNPF <sup>3</sup>
2004 Jan	1.4	1.5	1.3	2.6	2.4	2.0	1.6	1.4	-0.3	0.0
2004 Feb	1.3	1.3	1.1	2.5	2.3	1.9	1.6	1.5	-0.8	-0.4
2004 Mar	1.1	1.1	1.0	2.6	2.1	1.7	1.4	1.5	0.8	-0.1
2004 Apr	1.1	1.1	1.0	2.5	2.0	1.8	1.8	1.3	2.9	-0.1
2004 May	1.5	1.4	1.3	2.8	2.3	2.2	2.5	1.4	5.6	0.6
2004 Jun	1.6	1.5	1.4	3.0	2.3	2.3	2.6	1.4	3.8	1.3
2004 Jul	1.4	1.4	1.2	3.0	2.2	2.0	2.6	1.7	3.9	1.8
2004 Aug	1.3	1.3	1.1	3.2	2.2	2.0	2.8	2.2	4.6	2.4
2004 Sep	1.1	1.0	0.9	3.1	1.9	1.7	3.1	2.3	8.1	3.6
2004 Oct	1.2	1.2	1.1	3.3	2.1	2.0	3.5	2.9	9.0	4.6
2004 Nov	1.5	1.4	1.4	3.4	2.2	2.2	3.5	3.0	6.4	4.5
2004 Dec	1.7	1.7	1.6	3.5	2.5	2.5	2.9	2.5	4.0	4.0
2005 Jan	1.6	1.7	1.5	3.2	2.1	2.0	2.6	2.6	9.7	7.5
2005 Feb	1.7	1.7	1.6	3.2	2.1	2.0	2.7	2.5	11.0	8.2
2005 Mar	1.9	2.0	1.8	3.2	2.4	2.3	2.9	2.4	11.1	7.4
2005 Apr	1.9	2.0	1.9	3.2	2.3	2.3	3.3	2.6	10.1	7.0
2005 May	1.9	2.0	1.8	2.9	2.1	2.2	2.7	2.5	7.6	6.7
2005 Jun	2.0	2.2	1.9	2.9	2.2	2.2	2.5	2.2	11.8	7.4
2005 Jul	2.3	2.5	2.3	2.9	2.4	2.5	3.1	2.2	14.1	8.7
2005 Aug	2.4	2.6	2.3	2.8	2.3	2.3	3.0	1.9	13.0	7.6
2005 Sep	2.5	2.6	2.4	2.7	2.5	2.5	3.3	2.1	10.6	5.6
2005 Oct	2.3	2.5	2.3	2.5	2.4	2.3	2.6	1.4	8.8	7.0
2005 Nov	2.1	2.3	2.1	2.4	2.3	2.3	2.3	1.3	13.5	9.6
2005 Dec	1.9	2.1	1.8	2.2	2.0	2.0	2.4	1.8	17.9	12.0
2006 Jan	1.9	2.1	1.9	2.4	2.3	2.3	2.9	1.7	15.8	10.2
2006 Feb	2.0	2.1	2.0	2.4	2.3	2.3	2.9	1.7	15.0	10.6
2006 Mar	1.8	1.9	1.7	2.4	2.1	2.2	2.5	1.9	13.0	10.0
2006 Apr	2.0	2.1	2.0	2.6	2.4	2.3	2.5	2.2	15.3	10.0
2006 May	2.2	2.3	2.2	3.0	2.9	2.8	3.1	2.4	13.6	8.6
2006 Jun	2.5	2.6	2.4	3.3	3.1	3.2	3.4	2.9	11.1	8.7
2006 Jul	2.4	2.4	2.3	3.3	3.1	3.2	2.9	2.5	10.6	8.3
2006 Aug	2.5	2.6	2.4	3.4	3.3	3.4	2.7	2.3	8.0	7.9
2006 Sep	2.4	2.6	2.3	3.6	3.2	3.3	1.9	2.2	5.4	7.4
2006 Oct	2.4	2.7	2.3	3.7	3.2	3.3	1.6	2.6	4.6	6.3
2006 Nov	2.7	3.0	2.6	3.9	3.4	3.6	1.8	2.5	3.4	4.9
2006 Dec	3.0	3.2	2.9	4.4	3.8	3.9	2.2	2.4	2.1	3.0
2007 Jan	2.7	2.9	2.6	4.2	3.5	3.7	2.2	2.5	-2.8	1.5
2007 Feb	2.8	2.9	2.6	4.6	3.7	3.9	2.3	2.7	-1.7	1.0
2007 Mar	3.1	3.1	2.9	4.8	3.9	4.0	2.7	2.7	0.2	2.0
2007 Apr	2.8	2.9	2.6	4.5	3.6	3.7	2.4	2.4	-0.9	1.9
2007 May	2.5	2.6	2.3	4.3	3.3	3.4	2.4	2.2	1.2	3.6
2007 Jun	2.4	2.5	2.2	4.4	3.3	3.3	2.5	2.1	2.4	3.3
2007 Jul	1.9	2.0	1.7	3.8	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.2	0.6	1.5
2007 Aug	1.8	1.9	1.6	4.1	2.7	2.6	2.4	2.4	1.1	2.1
2007 Sep	1.8	1.7	1.6	3.9	2.8	2.8	2.9	2.3	7.5	3.7
2007 Oct	2.1	1.9	1.8	4.2	3.1	3.0	4.0	2.4	9.7	3.2
2007 Nov	2.1	1.9	1.8	4.3	3.2	3.0	4.7	2.4	11.5	2.7
2007 Dec	2.1	2.0	1.9	4.0	3.1	3.1	5.0	2.6	13.0	4.5
2008 Jan	2.2	2.1	2.0	4.1	3.4	3.3	5.7	3.2	19.4	7.3
2008 Feb	2.5	2.5	2.3	4.1	3.7	3.6	5.9	3.0	19.9	8.8
2008 Mar	2.5	2.6	2.3	3.8	3.5	3.6	6.2	3.0	20.4	9.6

## Notes:

- 1 The taxes excluded are VAT, duties, insurance premium tax, air passenger duty and stamp duty on share transactions.
- 2 The taxes excluded are council tax, VAT, duties, vehicle excise duty, insurance premium tax and air passenger duty.
- 3 Derived from these identification (CDID) codes.

Source: Office for National Statistics

## NOTES TO TABLES

**Identification (CDID) codes**

The four-character identification code at the top of each alpha column of data is the ONS reference for that series of data on our time series database. Please quote the relevant code if you contact us about the data.

**Conventions**

Where figures have been rounded to the final digit, there may be an apparent slight discrepancy between the sum of the constituent items and the total shown. Although figures may be given in unrounded form to facilitate readers' calculation of percentage changes, rates of change, etc, this does not imply that the figures can be estimated to this degree of precision as they may be affected by sampling variability or imprecision in estimation methods.

The following standard symbols are used:

..	not available
-	nil or negligible
P	provisional
–	break in series
R	revised
r	series revised from indicated entry onwards

## CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

**Labour Force Survey 'monthly' estimates**

Labour Force Survey (LFS) results are three-monthly averages, so consecutive months' results overlap. Comparing estimates for overlapping three-month periods can produce more volatile results, which can be difficult to interpret.

**Labour market summary****Economically active**

People aged 16 and over who are either in employment or unemployed.

**Economically inactive**

People who are neither in employment nor unemployed. This includes those who want a job but have not been seeking work in the last four weeks, those who want a job and are seeking work but not available to start work, and those who do not want a job.

**Employment and jobs**

There are two ways of looking at employment: the number of people with jobs, or the number of jobs. The two concepts are not the same as one person can have more than one job. The number of people with jobs is measured by the Labour Force Survey (LFS) and includes people aged 16 or over who do paid work (as an employee or self-employed), those who have a job that they are temporarily away from, those on government-supported training and employment programmes, and those doing unpaid family work. The number of jobs is measured by workforce jobs and is the sum of employee jobs (as measured by surveys of employers), self-employment jobs from the LFS, people in HM Forces, and government-supported trainees. Vacant jobs are not included.

**Unemployment**

The number of unemployed people in the UK is measured through the Labour Force Survey following the internationally agreed definition recommended by the ILO (International Labour Organisation) – an agency of the United Nations.

**Unemployed people:**

- are without a job, want a job, have actively sought work in the last four weeks and are available to start work in the next two weeks, or
- are out of work, have found a job and are waiting to start it in the next two weeks

**Other key indicators****Claimant count**

The number of people claiming Jobseeker's Allowance benefits.

**Earnings**

A measure of the money people receive in return for work done, gross of tax. It includes salaries and, unless otherwise stated, bonuses but not unearned income, benefits in kind or arrears of pay.

**Productivity**

Whole economy output per worker is the ratio of Gross Value Added (GVA) at basic prices and Labour Force Survey (LFS) total employment. Manufacturing output per filled job is the ratio of manufacturing output (from the Index of Production) and productivity jobs for manufacturing (constrained to LFS jobs at the whole economy level).

**Redundancies**

The number of people who:

- were not in employment during the reference week, and
- reported that they had been made redundant in the month of, or the two calendar months prior to, the reference week

plus the number of people who:

- were in employment during the reference week, and
- started their job in the same calendar month as, or the two calendar months prior to, the reference week, and
- reported that they had been made redundant in the month of, or the two calendar months prior to, the reference week

**Unit wage costs**

A measure of the cost of wages and salaries per unit of output.

**Vacancies**

The statistics are based on ONS's Vacancy Survey of businesses. The survey is designed to provide comprehensive estimates of the stock of vacancies across the economy, excluding those in agriculture, forestry and fishing. Vacancies are defined as positions for which employers are actively seeking recruits from outside their business or organisation. More information on labour market concepts, sources and methods is available in the *Guide to Labour Market Statistics* at [www.statistics.gov.uk/about/data/guides/LabourMarket/default.asp](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/about/data/guides/LabourMarket/default.asp)